

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

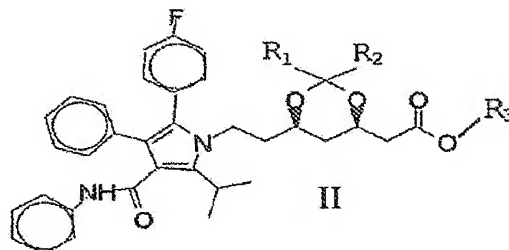
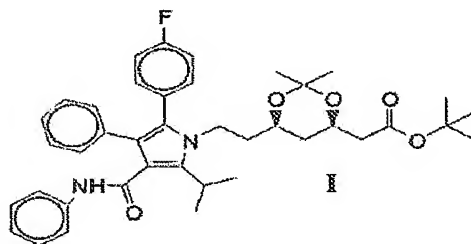
This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims

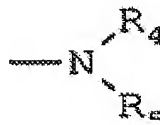
Claims 1-10 (Cancelled)

Claim 11 (Currently Amended): A process for the preparation of amorphous atorvastatin calcium which comprises: a) provision of a reaction mixture having a pH between 6.5 and 8.0 containing a sodium salt of atorvastatin and tetrahydrofuran; b) addition of cyclic hydrocarbon solvent selected from the group consisting of cyclohexane and methyl cyclohexane to provide a mixture of organic solvents; c) addition of an equivalent or an excess quantity of a source of calcium ions selected from the group consisting of calcium acetate and calcium chloride and d) isolation of amorphous atorvastatin calcium from an organic phase comprising the mixture of organic solvents wherein the isolation comprises adding to said organic phase a solvent in which atorvastatin calcium is not soluble or is poorly soluble to obtain a precipitate containing atorvastatin which is in amorphous form.

Claim 12 (Previously Presented): The process recited in claim 11, wherein the neutral reaction mixture comprising a sodium salt of atorvastatin and tetrahydrofuran is prepared by a process which comprises: a) dissolving a compound of formula I or II:



wherein R_1 and R_2 may independently represent hydrogen, alkyl with one to three carbon atoms, phenyl, or R_1 in R_2 are taken together as $(-CH_2)_n-$, wherein n may be 4 or 5; R_3 may represent straight or branched chain alkyl of from one to eight carbon atoms or cycloalkyl of from three to six carbon atoms group $-O-R_3$ may be substituted by the group with the formula:



wherein R_4 and R_5 may independently represent alkyl with one to ten carbon atoms, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, benzyl or phenyl, or R_4 in R_5 are taken together to form: $-(CH_2)_4-$, $-(CH_2)_5-$, $-(CH(R^6)-CH_2)_3-$, $(CH(R^6)-CH_2)_4-$, $-(CH(R^6)-(CH_2)_2-CH(R^6))-$, $-(CH(R^6)-(CH_2)_3-$, $CH(R^6))-$, $-CH_2-CH_2-O-CH_2-CH_2-$, $-CH(R^6)-CH_2-O-CH_2-CH_2-$, $CH(R^6)-CH_2-O-CH_2-CH_2$ (R^6)-, wherein R^6 represents alkyl with one to four carbon atoms, in tetrahydrofuran; and b) forming the sodium salt of atorvastatin under pH conditions having a pH between 6.5 and 8.0 in a reaction mixture comprising tetrahydrofuran.

Claims 13-21 (Cancelled)

Claim 22 (Previously Presented): A process for the preparation of amorphous atorvastatin calcium according to claim 11, wherein the cyclic hydrocarbon solvent is added in a onefold to fivefold quantity based on the existing volume of solution.

Claim 23 (Previously Presented): A process for the preparation of amorphous atorvastatin calcium according to claim 11, further comprising adding simultaneously with the addition of the cyclic hydrocarbon solvent a 0.5 fold to a twofold quantity of saturated aqueous solution of sodium chloride based on the existing volume of solution.

Claim 24 (Previously Presented): A process for the preparation of amorphous atorvastatin calcium according to claim 11, wherein the isolation of amorphous atorvastatin calcium comprises an addition of a solvent in which atorvastatin calcium is not soluble or is poorly soluble.

Claim 25 (Previously Presented): A process for the preparation of amorphous atorvastatin calcium according to claim 24, wherein the solvent in which atorvastatin calcium is not soluble or is poorly soluble is ether.

Claim 26 (Previously Presented): A process for the preparation of amorphous atorvastatin calcium according to claim 25, wherein the solvent in which atorvastatin calcium is not soluble or is poorly soluble is diisopropylether.

Claim 27 (Currently Amended): A process for the preparation of amorphous atorvastatin calcium according to claim 11, wherein the isolation of amorphous atorvastatin calcium comprises:
a) adding a solvent in which atorvastatin calcium is soluble, and b) concentrating the resulting atorvastatin calcium preparation, ~~c) adding a solvent in which atorvastatin calcium is not soluble or is poorly soluble, and d) obtaining a precipitant which is in amorphous form.~~

Claim 28 (Previously Presented): A process for the preparation of amorphous atorvastatin calcium according to claim 27, wherein the solvent in which atorvastatin calcium is soluble is selected from the group consisting of methanol, ethanol and propanol.

Claim 29 (Previously Presented): A process for the preparation of amorphous atorvastatin calcium according to claim 28, wherein the solvent in which atorvastatin calcium is soluble is methanol.

Claim 30 (Previously Presented): A process for the preparation of amorphous atorvastatin calcium according to claim 27, wherein the solvent in which atorvastatin calcium is not soluble or is poorly soluble is ether.

Claim 31 (Previously Presented): A process for the preparation of amorphous atorvastatin calcium according to claim 30, wherein the solvent in which atorvastatin calcium is not soluble or is poorly soluble is diisopropylether.

Claim 32 (Previously Presented) A method for the treatment of diseases selected from the group consisting of dyslipidemia, hyperlipidemia, hypercholesterolemia, atherosclerosis, arteriosclerosis, cardiovascular diseases, coronary arterial diseases, coronary heart diseases, disorders of blood circulation, inflammation diseases, bone diseases, disorders of processing beta amyloid precursor protein, said method comprising administering amorphous atorvastatin calcium prepared according to the process of claim 11.

Claim 33 (Previously Presented) A pharmaceutical composition comprising amorphous atorvastatin calcium prepared according to the process of claim 11 and pharmaceutically acceptable ingredients.